

SPRING ELECTIONS.

DEMOCRATS WIN IN THE BIG CITIES.

Sweeping victories in Chicago and Cincinnati—Republicans win in St. Louis—Pingree's candidate defeated in Detroit—Other late political news.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The mayoralty election resulted in a decisive victory for the Democratic ticket, the Bourbon candidate for mayor, Carter Harrison, having more votes than all the other candidates combined.

Harrison secured a majority over all of 2,222 and pluralities of 77,756 over Harlan, independent, and of 87,392 over Sears, Republican. The mayoralty vote, complete, is as follows: Carter H. Harrison, Democrat, 144,833; J. M. Harlan, independent, 67,073; N. C. Sears, Republican, 57,565; W. Hesling, business administration, 15,159; John Glembeck, Socialist Labor, 1,239; H. L. Parmelee, prohibitionist, 832; J. I. Pearce, Jr., independent, 686; E. Howard Collier, independent, 88, total, 287,636.

DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

Municipal Elections in Ohio and Michigan—McKinley's Home Democratic.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 7.—The election in Cincinnati was for mayor and other city officials and members of the board of education. The Republican ticket was headed by Levi C. Goodale for mayor and the Democratic ticket by Gustave Tafel, the latter being elected by a plurality of 7,320, while the city gave McKinley a plurality of almost 20,000 last November, and Caldwell, Republican nominee for mayor three years ago, a plurality of 6,755.

DEFEAT FOR PINGREE.

His Candidate for Mayor of Detroit Beaten by 600 Majority.

DETROIT, Mich., April 7.—William C. Maybury (Dem.) was elected mayor by about 600 majority, over Captain Albert E. Stewart (Rep.). In view of Mr. Maybury's victory, it is considered surprising that Judge John Miner, Democratic candidate for police justice, was defeated by Judge Albert F. Sellers (Rep.), who was re-elected by a majority fully equal to that received by Maybury.

Maybury's election is looked upon as a decided defeat for Governor Pingree.

THE RESULT IN ST. LOUIS.

Ziegenhein Ran Far Behind His Ticket—Civic Federation Candidates Lose.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 9.—The returns show that Henry Ziegenhein, for mayor, and the whole Republican ticket, was elected by majorities ranging from 4,276 to 24,038. Ziegenhein ran far behind his ticket, as did Robert McMath, for president board of public improvements, whose majority was the lowest received. Ziegenhein came next with a majority of 6,153, while Isaac M. Mason, for treasurer, received a majority of 24,038.

Incomplete returns from the state show Democratic victories. The silver question has entered largely into the contests.

ELECTIONS IN KANSAS.

Party Lines Loosely Drawn—Women Cast a Decided Vote.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 8.—Municipal elections were held in Kansas towns of the first and second class yesterday. While nearly half the cities went Republican, they did so by reduced majorities in almost every instance. Topeka, the Republican stronghold, gave the Republican ticket a majority of 1,500, against 3,000 majority for McKinley last fall. At Lawrence the majority is reduced to 300. Leavenworth puts Democrats in charge of every department of the city government, and the fusionists finish first-best at Fort Scott. Atchison and Wichita give narrow margins for most of the Republican candidates.

In the cities of the second class party lines, as a rule, were not closely drawn. An analysis of the returns shows that non-partisan and citizens' tickets were in great favor. In several cities, including Girard, Winfield, Seneca, Larned and Stockton, the enforcement of the prohibition law was the issue, and at each of these places the "wet" and "dry" forces waged a bitter fight. It may be significant that only one of these—Seneca—voted for enforcement of the law. At Larned, Winfield, Girard and Stockton the vote was decisive for "wet" or wide-open administrations.

The women of Kansas are privileged to vote at municipal elections, and they availed themselves of the franchise even more generally than the men, in proportion to their respective voting strength. In several places, notably Fort Scott, their ballots were a considerable factor in determining the result.

Robert L. Marshman, the Republican nominee for mayor, and nearly the whole of the Republican ticket, was elected by majorities ranging from 600 to 800 votes in Kansas City, Kan.

A Rebellion Put Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Advises from Tahiti state that Queen Manai, who for seven years, as ruler of the island of Raiatea, has defied the French, has surrendered, and the long standing rebellion on the islands of Raiatea and Hanahine has been put down.

A Venerable Missouri Woman Dead.

PLATTSBURG, Mo., April 9.—Mrs. Elizabeth Birch, aged 86 years, widow of Judge James H. Birch, who was well known years ago, and who lived in this county for over forty years, died this morning at the home of her son, F. C. Frost, after a brief illness.

Republican Majorities Reduced.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 8.—In the city election the Democrats elected the mayor and marshal, the Republicans the remainder of the officers. The contest was close and the Republican majorities were greatly reduced.

A DEFY FOR INGERSOLL.

Moody Dares Him to Deny Anything in One of Moody's Sermons.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 10.—Dwight L. Moody was asked what he thought of Robert G. Ingersoll, who is billed to lecture here.

"Why don't you ask me what I think of Corbett?" asked the evangelist, in a slightly nettled tone. "I never saw Ingersoll in my life. I don't know a thing about him. He doesn't interest me in the least. I see he is going to lecture here on 'Truth,' is he not?" continued Mr. Moody. "Well, that's what I have been preaching for thirty years. I preached it last night in my sermon on 'Sowing and Reaping.' That's the truth and you can't get away from it. You go to Ingersoll when he gets here and show him my sermon on 'Sowing and Reaping.' If he denies anything in it let me know. I'd just like to hear what he would say about it."

PARIS TO BE REFORMED.

Immoral Songs and the Sale of Obscene Papers and Pictures to Be Prohibited.

PARIS, April 10.—M. Darlin, minister of justice, announced in the chamber of deputies that he would soon submit a bill more effectively to safeguard public morality.

Previous to this the minister of instruction and of the interior, replying to an interpellation of Deputy Bergerand, said that immoral songs in the Cabaret would be examined by the censor, and that orders would be given to prohibit the sale or distribution of obscene papers and pictures in public places.

SEVENTEEN MISSING.

Loss of Life in Knoxville's Fire Much Larger Than at First Thought.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 10.—Of the fifty-two guests who were sleeping in the Hotel Knox when the fire broke out, only thirty-five have been accounted for. The hotel register was destroyed, and it will perhaps never be known how many lives were lost.

Large rewards have been offered for the bodies and a large force of men are at work clearing away the debris.

A GEORGIA TORNADO.

Ill-Fated Town of Arlington Visited Again—Several Lives Lost.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 10.—Telegrams from Ozark, Ala., Valdosta Crossing and the ill-fated town of Arlington, Ga., show that this section was visited to-day by another gulf tornado. In one direction, toward Ozark, where timbers were uprooted and houses blown to pieces, several persons lost their lives.

Body of Pauline Bauer Found.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 10.—The body found in the Mississippi Thursday has been identified as that of Pauline Bauer, who disappeared last November. Miss Bauer was a telegraph operator. Just before her disappearance she complained of continued annoyance from an unknown man. The body is too much decomposed to permit the establishment of ante mortem injuries.

Air Ship Appears in Iowa.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, April 10.—The air ship, which has frequently made its appearance in neighboring states, has been seen by hundreds of people in Eastern Iowa last night. Reports from all along the line of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern railroad say that the mysterious aerial craft has been seen by every operator and station agent between West Liberty and Cedar Rapids.

World's Postal Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The post-office department has leased the old Corcoran art gallery building for the use of the International Postal congress, which is to assemble here on May 5. It is expected that the congress will be in session six or eight weeks. The entire building will be fitted up and furnished expressly for the occasion.

Bryan Speaks at Tallahassee.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 10.—William J. Bryan reached here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He spoke at Lake City, Live Oak and Lloyds, where he was greeted by big crowds. When asked if he felt any serious effects from his accident, Mr. Bryan said: "I am all right, but I was considerably shaken up, and my chest and legs are very painful."

4-Year-Old Child Assaulted.

PERRY, Okla., April 10.—The 4-year-old daughter of John Wood, near McLeod, was ravished yesterday and is dying of her injuries. A young man, aged 18, a near relative of the little girl, is accused of the crime, and a posse has been organized to lynch him if his guilt can be proven.

Fullerton's Body Is Found.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—A dispatch received by the Baltimore & Ohio officials here from Oakland says that the body of General Joseph S. Fullerton of Washington has been found in the river eight miles below the scene of the Oakland wreck, in which he was killed.

St. Joseph Furniture Failure.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 10.—The Bungeenstock Furniture company failed to-day, owing bills aggregating \$10,000.

Boycott on a Theater.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 10.—The Alliance of Theatrical Mechanics of the city and trades and labor unions of the city declared a boycott on the Crawford theater to-day, because it did not employ union men. The fight had been going on during the entire season.

Appeal to Brewers' National Union.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 10.—The differences of the brewers and the workmen has been carried to the national organization by the men, and in the meantime they will work under the old scale.

IT LOOKS WARLIKE.

FIGHTING ON THE TURKISH FRONTIER.

Greeks Reported to Have Invaded the Sultan's Territory—The Two Forces Have an Engagement—The Situation Decidedly Serious.

LONDON, April 10.—The correspondent of the Times at Grovena says that at 5 o'clock yesterday morning 1,500 Greek bandits crossed the frontier between Metsovo and Diskata, where they encountered the Turkish troops. The fighting lasted through the day, with some loss of life and a number of minor casualties.

A dispatch received at the Turkish headquarters here from Grovena at 4 p. m. says that the fighting between the Greeks and Turks continues. The Turks, following the instructions of Edhem Pasha, have surrounded the Greek irregulars and a greater part of the Turkish division stationed at Grovena under Hakkı Pasha is now advancing.

It is impossible to distinguish whether the invaders are supported by any substantial portion of the Greek regular army, as the Greeks have taken up a position in the middle of a forest. But the correspondent is informed that the moment the Turkish officers ascertain the presence of the uniforms of the Greek regulars in the ranks of the aggressors Edhem Pasha will order the advance of the entire Turkish army. The situation is most serious.

The Athens correspondent of the Times says it is reported that the invaders consisted of 2,500 carefully picked men who had been equipped by the Ethniki Metairia.

The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from its war correspondent at Elasona, confirming the reported invasion of Albania, between Grovena and Krania.

\$200,000 FOR RELIEF.

Congress Makes an Appropriation for the Mississippi Flood Sufferers.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—A joint resolution appropriating \$200,000 for supplies for the Southern flood sufferers was passed by both House and Senate and promptly signed by the President yesterday, so that the sum mentioned is immediately available for relief work. The action of Congress was in response to a special message, which was sent to both houses when they met at noon. The message, after relating the situation in the flood stricken states, continues:

"Precedents are not wanting that in such emergencies as this Congress has taken prompt, generous and intelligent action, involving the expenditure of considerable sums of money, with satisfactory results. In 1874 \$500,000 was appropriated, and in 1882 \$550,000 was also appropriated for relief in the same direction, besides large sums in other years."

Bradstreet's Report.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Bradstreet's says: "The situation as a whole shows no gain. Staple lines are only fairly active. Overflows, washouts and floods continue to do great damage in the Mississippi and Missouri river valleys, through a portion of which general trade remains practically at a standstill. Rainy weather, extending from the Central Western to the Northwest, spring wheat states has rendered country roads almost impassable, with the natural effect upon business. As the region threatened includes the richest portion of the cotton belt, the prospect for delay in planting a second time indicates the possibility of a heavy reduction in acreage this year."

A \$1,000,000 Policy.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Mrs. Leland Stanford to-day signed a contract by which her life is now insured for \$1,000,000. Mrs. Stanford is to pay an annual premium of \$170,000, and upon her death \$1,000,000 will be paid by the company to the Leland Stanford, Jr., university. Should she live ten years and continue her annual payment of premiums, the university will receive at her death \$2,000,000 instead of \$1,000,000.

Ex-Union Veterans Preferred.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Secretary Wilson is giving all the preference possible under the civil service rules to ex-Union veterans in appointments and promotions in the agricultural department. Both the ability and the war records of the veterans are duly considered, but they are put ahead of other candidates wherever possible. Thus far, he has found places or promotions for fourteen veterans or widows of veterans.

The Sugar Trust Rushing in Sugar.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Because of the sugar trust's importation of large quantities of sugar before the enactment of the Dingley bill, it became necessary for Collector Kibberth to ask the department to allow him to employ more weighers. The payment of duty on sugar has increased more than \$500,000 this week.

Peru Suspends Silver Coinage.

LIMA, Peru, April 10.—The Peruvian government has suspended the coinage of silver at the government mint and has issued a prohibition against the importation of silver coins after the 10th of May next.

Legislature Finishes Its Work.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 10.—The Nebraska Legislature adjourned yesterday afternoon, after a session extending fifteen days beyond its allotted time. The last bill passed was the initiative and referendum, which went through the Senate just before closing.

Constant Rain in Northwest Kansas.

JENKINS, Kan., April 9.—It has snowed or rained here every day except one for two weeks. Wheat is in fine condition and farmers are jubilant over the prospects.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Senate yesterday heard Mr. Morgan of Alabama for the third successive day on his resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba. Mr. Nelson of Minnesota spoke for two hours on the bankruptcy bill, opposing the pending Torrey bill as excessively harsh and designed as a collection agency for large creditors.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Mr. Simpson of Kansas created a scene in the House to-day by denouncing Speaker Reed for his failure to appoint committees and announcing that he would oppose all attempts to legislate by consent until the House should be organized.

Speaker Reed replied that the House had control of the speaker. Reasonable time had always been allowed the speaker for estimating the new members. He had consulted with members and had supposed until to-day that the feeling of the House was that the committees should not be appointed.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Much bad blood was developed in the Senate yesterday over the Cuban question, and there were numerous stormy passages and acrimonious personal charges. Early in the day Mr. Morgan of Alabama called up his resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and recognizing both parties as belligerents. He spoke for some time in a dispassionate manner on the resolution, but was aroused by Mr. Hale of Maine to a series of sharp retorts. It led to the declaration by Mr. Morgan that instead of sending a lawyer to Cuba to investigate the case of Dr. Ruiz, as was contemplated, the administration would do well to send a ship of war to Havana to demand redress.

At another point Mr. Hale questioned Mr. Morgan's statement that Cuban prisoners were "stuffed" with American prisoners, declaring that the information reaching him (Hale) showed that no such condition existed. Mr. Morgan asked who this information came from, and then hotly asserted that he knew where it came from, and the world knew where it came from, as the Senator from Maine had not denied that he was not in communication with the Spanish authorities.

Mr. Hale indignantly denied that his information came from Spanish sources, and said it was furnished in every item by American citizens. The strain occasioned by this charge and denial was relieved by the expiration of the morning hour, which cut off the debate. The Morgan resolution lost its place and went to the calendar, but Mr. Morgan will continue his speech to-day and has given notice of a motion to proceed with the Cuban resolution to a final vote.

Most of the day was given to the bankruptcy bill. Mr. Stewart of Nevada speaking in opposition. The discussion drifted to the financial question. Mr. Chandler and Mr. Stewart having an amusing discussion on bimetallicism.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Senate, by unanimous vote, adopted a resolution reciting the reports that General Luis Rivera, the Cuban commander, is about to be tried by a drum-head court martial and shot, and expressing the judgment of the Senate that if these reports are true, the President should protest against such a violation of the rules of civilized warfare.

After the disposal of the Cuban question, the day was given to speeches, Mr. Elkins of West Virginia speaking for two hours on the development of the American marine, and Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky advocating the passage of the bankruptcy bill, known as the Torrey bill, now before the Senate.

BIG LOCK-OUT.

No Work for Four Thousand Workmen at the Illinois Steel Company.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Four thousand men were forced out of employment by the closing of the works of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago last night. This action was taken by the officials to head off a strike. Employees declare they will resist the lock-out. Officials assert that the works will be reopened next Monday.

Pastor Under a Cloud.

CHICAGO, April 10.—Rev. R. S. Martin yesterday afternoon formally withdrew from the pastorate of the Western Avenue Methodist church and resigned his membership in the church at large. This action was, it is understood, not voluntary with him. The real reason for this action will never be made public, if the members of the committee who have been pressing the charges against him and the officers of the Chicago conference keep faith with each other.

Scared to Death by a Storm.

SEDALIA, Mo., April 9.—Mrs. Ann Moss, colored, aged 65 years, was caught a mile from home in an electric and hail storm last night and ran along the street shouting at every step: "Oh, Lord, save me!" A hundred yards from home she fell on the sidewalk and expired in a few minutes. Coroner Cowen examined the body and stated that death had resulted from heart failure caused by fright.

A Million for Catholicism.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 9.—By the will of the late Miss Winifred Martin, who died at the Hotel Altamont on April 4, nearly, if not quite, a million dollars is bequeathed to various Catholic churches and charities in Maryland and California.

Orders His Grandson Tried.

PRETORIA, April 9.—President Kruger has ordered that his grandson, Lieutenant Eloff, shall be placed on trial before a special court for the offensive language recently used by him in a public reference to Queen Victoria at Johannesburg.

Democrats Won in Mexico.

MEXICO, Mo., April 8.—The Democrats won in the city election here yesterday by an increased majority.

SEDALIA, Mo., April 8.—The election in this city resulted in a Democratic victory.

BRIBERY IN KANSAS.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE BEGINS WORK.

Senator Lewelling, Representative Smith, and Ex-Representative D. H. Hanna Impugned—Insinuations Against Superintendent Stryker.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 9.—The committee appointed by the late Legislature to investigate the charges of bribery and other misconduct against certain members of the Senate and House and certain lobbyists yesterday caused three big sensations and a little one.

Reputable witnesses accused Representative Frank H. Smith of Sherman county and ex-Representative Dave Hanna of Graham county of attempted bribery, and Senator L. D. Lewelling of proposing a scheme for the state to buy some additional coal lands at Lansing which had "\$25,000 in it." These were the big sensations. The little one was an insinuation that State Superintendent William Stryker "knew something" about the anonymous letter campaign against the book trust carried on when the book bill was pending.

Representative Wesley M. Metzler of Sheridan county testified under oath that Hanna offered him \$100 and afterward \$150 to vote against the Hackney amendment to the Senate railroad bill in the House.

Representative Joseph W. Clark of Thomas county testified that Representative Smith offered him \$250 to vote against the Brown maximum freight rate bill in the House.

Warden Harry Landis of the penitentiary told the story on Lewelling and Representative Clem Fairchild made the insinuation about Stryker and the anonymous letters.

The committee was making great progress and likely would have increased the list of sensations, but it suddenly struck a stump. Representative Clark, who had "peached" on Smith, refused to give the name of a personal friend who also had approached him on the subject of railroad legislation. The committee insisted, but Clark was firm and did not answer the question asked.

TOPEKA, April 10.—When the bribery investigating committee met yesterday morning Attorney General Boyle stated that he had not yet decided as to whether the committee had power to compel Clark to testify, but that the investigation should go on and he would give a decision later.

Senator Titus swore that Senator Lewelling took him in a room in the National hotel and said that there was "something in it for both of them" if they could get a substitute adopted for the original text book bill.

Representative Dingus of Linn county swore that Representative Doyle of Republic county had offered him \$250 if he would cease his fight for the text book bill and that the money would be placed on his desk the following morning. Afterward Doyle said that since the stories of bribery in the Senate, the men who were handling money were afraid to use it freely. Dingus said he gave Doyle no encouragement. They sat together during the session.

Dr. Frank H. Smith, representative from Sherman county, appeared and demanded to be sworn that he might testify in reply to the statements made by Representative Clark. He said the statements by Clark were utterly false. The only conversation he had had with Clark touching railroad matters was about Clark's Missouri Pacific railroad pass. Clark had lent his pass to a friend and the conductor had taken it up. He wanted him (Smith) to use his influence in getting it returned. At the same time Clark said to him that he was in need of \$300 and asked him when he could get it.

Mrs. Nellie Bennett of Emporia, clerk of the House committee of engrossed bills (Dr. Smith's committee), testified that she was present at a conversation between Dr. Smith and Mr. Clark in the committee room. Clark was leaving the room. She sat at a table. Clark said there ought to be something in that railroad bill; that he needed \$200 or \$300, and asked Dr. Smith if he thought there was anything in it. Smith said he did not know. Clark also said something about a pass. After Clark went out Smith said to witness that Clark was one of the men Brown of Pratt was counting on as a sale.

Senator Jumper repeated the story about how Tucher of Ottawa had offered him \$1,000 to vote for the Hanna stock yards bill. The only new feature of the story was that Horace Jennings of Topeka also had tried to influence him in an undue manner to support the Hanna bill. Senator Jumper produced a list of Senators whom Boyd had told him had been fixed by the Stock Yards company. The list contained the names of Senators Shaffer, Zimmer, Ryan, Campbell, Farrelly, Hanna, Helmick, Forney, Lewelling, Helm and Armstrong.

J. W. Butler of Topeka was placed upon the stand, but he did not know anything about the charges of bribery. His name had been given to the committee by someone. The committee then adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

The attorney general has advised the committee that it has no power to compel witnesses to answer questions, so it has been decided to confine the examination to those who are willing to testify.

Work for 800 Men.

BELLAIRE, Ohio, April 10.—At Dillonville and Long Run, just east of here, on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, the two largest coal mines were placed in operation to-day. Over 800 men were given work. The mines have not been running in full force for years.

They Will Try to Make Sugar.

HUGHESVILLE, Mo. April 19.—All the arrangements have been made for the erection of a large plant at this place for the manufacture of sugar from sorghum cane.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

"Sound Money" is a new Chicago paper.

The free library scheme failed to carry at the St. Louis election.

Senator Nelson of Minnesota oppose the Torrey bankruptcy bill.

Samuel H. Dickinson of Hatfield, Mass., gave \$75,000 to colleges and missions in his will.

Senators are trying to affect an agreement for the reorganization of the committees.

S. Duncan, a white trader, was killed and eaten by cannibals on the New Hebrides islands.

The University of Illinois is likely to lose \$800,000 in the Globe Savings bank failure in Chicago.

Walter C. Sanger of Milwaukee has challenged E. C. Bald of Buffalo for a match bicycle race.

The President has nominated Colonel William Rufus Shafter, first infantry, to be brigadier general.

The McKinley excursion party was greeted with a salute by the naval academy at Annapolis.

A elevator in the Elliott Square building, Buffalo, N. Y., fell five stories and five G. A. R. visitors were injured.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has created a \$4,500 office for Charles W. Dabney, Jr., a Tennessee Democrat.

W. J. Bryan was rendered unconscious by the collapse of a piazza from which he was speaking at St. Augustine, Fla.

Ed Newcomb, an Indian Territory outlaw, was mortally wounded by Deputy Marshal Bud Ledbetter, near Caney, Kan.

President Hill of the Great Northern railroad asks senators not to pass a tariff bill that will cut off trade with Japan and China.

John Cronic was murdered at Kane, Pa., while asleep by a Mafia member named Morasco, sent from Philadelphia for that purpose.

A car loaded with whisky developed a hot box near Indianapolis, and the resulting explosion and fire destroyed the train of fourteen cars.

A veteran named Dickerson, near South Haven, Mich., drove one wife away, then married another, but soon shot and killed her and himself.

Secretary Alger is pushing forward the work of relief for flood sufferers.

The Santa Fe will, on April 17, advance grain rates to Galveston from points on the Union Pacific and Grand Island to 31 cents on wheat and 26 cents on corn.

Yazoo Delta people are in serious straits. There is great destitution. The population of 400,000, a large percent of whom are farm laborers, are now left without subsistence because of the floods.

Charles L. Draper has confessed to the Rev. A. B. Morey, his pastor, and Colonel D. P. Byer, of St. Louis, his attorney, that he murdered Charles L. Hastings, lawyer and abstractor, in Judge Kirby's office, Jacksonville, Ill., April 1, by stabbing him scores of times.

A disastrous fire occurred at Knoxville, Tenn. The heart of the city is in ashes. Scores were injured by a dynamite explosion in the fire. The loss is between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000. Buildings had to be torn down to check the march of the fire. Several people perished in the flames.

Julio Sanguly has been arrested on a charge of attempted violation of the neutrality laws.

Secretary Sherman has received assurances that General Rivera will be treated as a prisoner of war.

Mrs. Ernestine Dumke, held for murder at Chicago, is prostrated by the news that both her husband and son are to testify against her.

Governor Leedy's delay in appointing a police board for Fort Scott, Kan., has resulted in that city being without authorized police protection.

The United States battleship Iowa was given her official speed trial. The cruiser ran seventeen knots an hour, earning \$200,000 bonus for the Cramps. Modoc Indians about Reading, Cal., are suffering.

Greeks will not be satisfied until war with Turkey is declared.

The Sultan of Zanzibar has issued a decree abolishing slavery.

The Cuban debate in the senate has developed much bad blood.

Sidewalks at Fargo, N. D., are afloat and are being used as rafts.

Mr. McKinley has decided to let Cleveland's forest reserve order alone.

James A. McKenzie, United States minister to Peru, has brain fever.

C. F. Kleupfer, a double murderer, hanged himself in jail at Stockton, Cal.

John W. Foster is to be sent to Constantinople to demand redress for American grievances.

Postmaster Redder of El Reno, Okla., was acquitted and his assistant, E. L. Gay, convicted of embezzling.

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